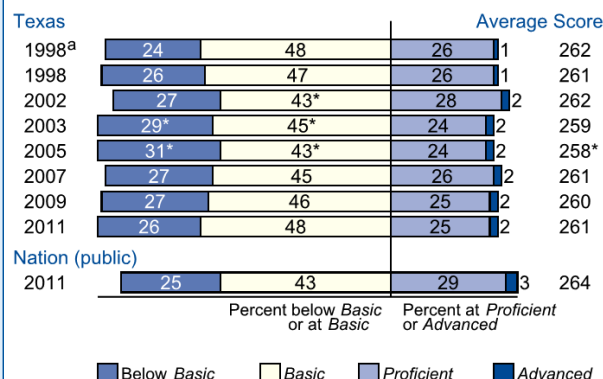


Overall Results

- In 2011, the average score of eighth-grade students in Texas was 261. This was lower than the average score of 264 for public school students in the nation.
- The average score for students in Texas in 2011 (261) was not significantly different from their average score in 2009 (260) and was not significantly different from their average score in 1998 (261).
- In 2011, the score gap between students in Texas at the 75th percentile and students at the 25th percentile was 40 points. This performance gap was not significantly different from that of 1998 (41 points).
- The percentage of students in Texas who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 27 percent in 2011. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2009 (27 percent) and was not significantly different from that in 1998 (27 percent).
- The percentage of students in Texas who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 74 percent in 2011. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2009 (73 percent) and was not significantly different from that in 1998 (74 percent).

Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results

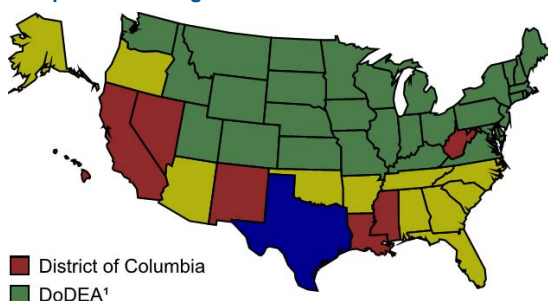


* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from state's results in 2011. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

^a Accommodations not permitted. For information about NAEP accommodations, see <http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/about/inclusion.asp>.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

Compare the Average Score in 2011 to Other States/Jurisdictions

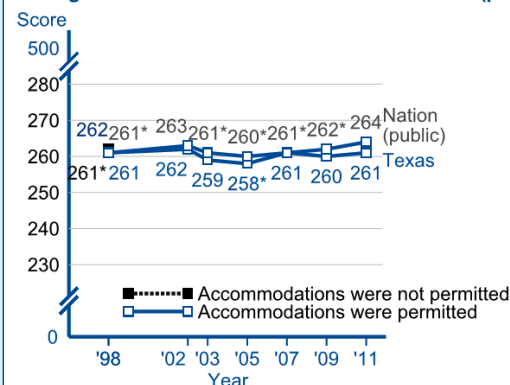


¹ Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools).

In 2011, the average score in **Texas** (261) was

- lower than those in 32 states/jurisdictions
- higher than those in 8 states/jurisdictions
- not significantly different from those in 11 states/jurisdictions

Average Scores for State/Jurisdiction and Nation (public)



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from 2011. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

NOTE: For information about NAEP accommodations, see <http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/about/inclusion.asp>.

Results for Student Groups in 2011

Reporting groups	Percent of students	Avg. score	Percentages at or above		Percent at Advanced
			Basic	Proficient	
Race/Ethnicity					
White	32	274	87	42	3
Black	13	252	63	15	#
Hispanic	50	254	68	17	1
Asian	4	283	91	58	6
American Indian/Alaska Native	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Two or more races	1	269	80	35	5
Gender					
Male	50	260	73	25	1
Female	50	263	76	28	2
National School Lunch Program					
Eligible	58	253	66	16	#
Not eligible	42	274	87	41	3

Rounds to zero.

‡ Reporting standards not met.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2011, Black students had an average score that was 22 points lower than White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (25 points).
- In 2011, Hispanic students had an average score that was 20 points lower than White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (22 points).
- In 2011, female students in Texas had an average score that was not significantly different from male students.
- In 2011, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 21 points lower than students who were not eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (24 points).

NOTE: Statistical comparisons are calculated on the basis of unrounded scale scores or percentages.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), various years, 1998–2011 Reading Assessments.